#### Pudukudi-iruppu Pradeshiya Sabha - 2020

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#### 1. Financial Statements

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## 1.1 Qualified Opinion

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The audit of the financial statements of the Pudukudi-iruppu Pradeshiya Sabha including the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 comprising Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020, Income and Expenditure Account, Statement of Cash flow for the year and other explanatory information was carried out, for the year then ended, under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154 (1) of the constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with the provisions of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018 and the Sub-Section 172 (1) of the Pradeshiya Sabha Act No. 15 of 1987. My comments and observations which I consider should be report to parliament appear in this report.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in paragraph 1.6 of this report, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Pudukudi-iruppu Pradeshiya Sabha as at 31 December 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Generally accepted Accounting Practices.

#### 1.2 Basis for Qualified Opinion

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My opinion is qualified on the matters described in paragraph 1.6 of this report.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

# 1.2.1 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

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Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practices, and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Pradeshiya Sabha's financial reporting process.

As per Section 16(1) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018, the Pradeshiya Sabha is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic financial statements.

#### 1.3 Responsibility of the Auditor for the audit of Financial Statements

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My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercised professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
  audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of its internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

The scope of the audit also extended to examine as far as possible and as far as necessary the following;

- Whether the organization, systems, procedures, books, records and other documents
  have been properly and adequately designed from the point of view of the
  presentation of information to enable a continuous evaluation of the activities of the
  Pradeshiya Sabha, and whether such systems, procedures, books, records and other
  documents are in effective operation;
- Whether the Pradeshiya Sabha has complied with applicable written law, or other general or special directions issued by the governing body of the Pradeshiya Sabha.
- Whether it has performed according to its powers, functions and duties; and

Whether the resources of the Pradeshiya Sabha had been procured and utilized economically, efficiently and effectively within the time frames and in compliance with the applicable laws.

#### 1.5 **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

The National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018 contains special provisions regarding the following requirements.

- The financial statements of the Pradeshiya Sabha presented is consistent with the (a) preceding year as per the requirement of section 6 (1) (d) (iii) of the National Audit Act. No. 19 of 2018.
- (b) The financial statements presented includes all recommendations made by me in the previous year as per the requirement of Section 06 (1) d (iv) of the Audit Act No. 19 of 2018.

#### 1.6 Audit observations regarding the preparation of financial statements

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#### 1.6.1 **Accounting Policies**

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**Audit Observation** 

#### **Comment of the Council**

## The accounting policies applied The financial statements had had not been disclosed in the been prepared on accrual financial statements for the basis. The relevant basis will be mentioned in the financial reports in future.

#### Recommendation \_\_\_\_\_

Accounts should be prepared in accordance with the principles and policies of accounting.

#### 1.6.2 **Accounting Deficiencies**

year under review.

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#### **Audit Observation**

Ten capital works which were not completed amounting Rs.6,898,564 had been accounted as capital expenditure in the income expenditure account.

#### **Comment of the Council**

Four programs amounting to Rs.3,924,671 in sundry creditors accounts had been completed and payments had been made. The payments had not been made for the remaining balance due to receipt of bills were not received. Prompt action will be taken to settle out.

#### Recommendation

The programs should be completed within the stipulated time frame

#### 1.6.3 Documentary Evidences not made available for Audit

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The receipts of bills to prove the payment of Rs.10,823,236 related to 14 constructions had not been presented to the Audit.

**Audit Observation** 

## **Comment of the Council**

Although these works had been completed, the contracted amount was credited to the sundry creditor account due to non-submission of receipt of bills to prove the payment.

# Recommendation

The necessary evidence to prove the transactions should be submitted to the audit promptly.

### 2. Financial Review

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#### 2.1 Financial Result

According to the Financial Statements presented, excess of revenue over recurrent expenditure of the Sabha for the year ended 31 December 2020 amounted to Rs.22,848,070 as compared with the excess of revenue over expenditure amounted to Rs.50,893,639 in the preceding year.