Nuwaragam Palatha East Pradeshiya Sabha - 2020

- 1. Financial Statements
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1.1 Qualified Opinion

The audit of the financial statements of the Nuwaragam Palatha East Pradeshiya Sabha for the year ended 31 December 2020 comprising the statement of assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2020 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets/equity, cash flow statement, and other explanatory information, including a summary of significant accounting policies, was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with Sub-section 172 (1) of the Pradesiya Sabhas Act, No.15 of 1987 and provisions of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018. My comments and observations which I consider should be presented in Parliament appear in this report.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the Paragraph 1.6 of this report, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Nuwaragam Palatha East Pradeshiya Sabha as at 31 December 2020, and of its financial performance and cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards for Local Authorities.

1.2 Basis for Qualified Opinion

My opinion is qualified based on the matters described in Paragraph 1.6 of this report.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

1.3 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Public Sector Accounting Standards for Local Authorities, and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Pradeshiya Sabha's financial reporting process.

As per Sub-section 16 (1) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018, the Pradeshiya Sabha is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic financial statements to be prepared.

1.4 Scope of Audit (Auditor's Responsibility in Auditing Financial Statements)

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Appropriate audit procedures were designed and performed identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in financial statements whether due to fraud or errors in providing a basis for the expressed audit opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- An understanding of internal control relevant to the audit was obtained in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

The scope of the audit also extended to examine as far as possible, and as far as necessary the following;

- Whether the organization, systems, procedures, books, records and other documents have been properly and adequately designed from the point of view of the presentation of information to enable a continuous evaluation of the activities of the Pradeshiya Sabha, and whether such systems, procedures, books, records and other documents are in effective operation;
- Whether the Pradeshiya Sabha has complied with applicable written law, or other general or special directions issued by the governing body of the Pradeshiya Sabha
- Whether the Pradeshiya Sabha has performed according to its powers, functions and duties; and

• Whether the resources of the Pradeshiya Sabha had been procured and utilized economically, efficiently and effectively within the time frames and in compliance with the applicable laws.

1.5 Report on Other Legal Requirements

National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018 includes specific provisions for following requirements.

- (a) As the Financial Statements have been submitted in accordance with the new Accounting System in terms of Circular No. 2019/02 issued by the Commissioner of Local Government, North Central Province on 31st December 2019, this statement cannot be compared with the preceding year in accordance with Section 6 (1) (d) (iii) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018.
- (b) The recommendations made by me during the previous year are included in the financial statements presented as required by Section 6(i)(d)(iv) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018.

1.6 Audit Observations on the Preparation of Financial Statements

1.6.1 Accounting Policies

Audit Observation

Only lands and buildings of the Pradeshiya Sabha had been revalued while the useful life of other assets alone had been estimated during the year under review.

1.6.2 Accounting Deficiencies

Audit Observation

(a) According to the reports of the Provincial Revenue Department, the court fines revenue for the year under review was Rs. 5,729,568, whereas it had been stated as Rs.5,880,067 in the statement of comprehensive income. Accordingly, that revenue had increased by Rs. 150,499.

Comment of the Sabha

Accepted.

All fixed assets should

be revalued.

Recommendation

Comment of the Sabha

Recommendation

Accepted.

Correct revenue should be brought to account.

- (b) Although two lawn mowers had been purchased for Rs. 26,400 during the year under review, it had been stated as Rs. 52,800 in the statement of assets and liabilities and as such, fixed assets had increased by Rs. 26,400.
- (c) Although the rental income received from Gally bowser during the year under review was Rs. 725,882 according to the schedule, it had been stated as Rs. .719,246 in the statement of comprehensive income and as a result, revenue of the year under review had decreased by Rs. 6,636.
- (d) Although the rental income received from Bacho loader during the year under review was Rs. 402,220 according to the schedule, it had been stated as Rs. 412,120 in the statement of comprehensive income and as a result, revenue of the year under review had increased by Rs. 9,900.
- 1.6.3 **Non-reconciled Control Accounts or Reports**

Audit Observation	Comment of the Sabha	Recommendation
A difference of Rs. 1,536,114 was observed between the balances of 02 items of account stated in the financial statements and the balances shown in the relevant schedules.	Accepted.	Correct values should be stated in the financial statements.

1.6.4 Lack of Documentary Evidence for Audit

Audit Observation

Information required for audit relating to 04 items of account totalling Rs. 14,752,535 had not been furnished.

Comment of the Sabha _____

Action will be taken to remove these balances from the financial statements with approval proper in the future.

Recommendation

_____ Non-recoverable balances should be written off under the proper approval.

As Rs. 6,636 refunded for a service not performed has been adjusted to the financial statements, the stated in balance the financial statement has been understated.

It has been noted to make

correction.

It has been noted to make correction.

Correct revenue should be brought to account.

Correct value of the

brought to account.

should

be

assets

Correct revenue should be brought to account.

2. **Financial Review**

2.1 **Financial Results**

According to the financial statements presented, the recurrent expenditure of the Sabha in excess of the revenue amounted to Rs. 17,445,266 for the year ended on 31 December 2020 as against the revenue exceeding the recurrent expenditure for the preceding year amounting to Rs. 7,330,206.

2.2 **Revenue Administration**

(b)

2.2.1 **Performance in Collecting Revenue**

	Audit Observation	Comment of the Sabha	Recommendation
(a)	Rent		
	No action had been taken to recover the arrears of trade stall rent of Rs. 1,164,847 including the ground rent due from the Anuradhapura Municipal Council amounting to Rs. 600,000 as at 31st December of the year under review.	Action is being taken to recover the stall rent.	Action should be taken to recover the arrears of stall rent.
(b)	Licence Fees		
	No option had been taken to measure	The estimated announce could	Action should be

No action had been taken to recover the outstanding licence fee revenue Rs.1,395,426 as at of 31st December of the year under review.

The estimated revenue could not be recovered due to the Covid 19 epidemic in the country.

Action should be taken to recover the arrears of licence fees.